#### MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

male Takin from the Rangoon Zoo in exchange for two giraffes and four zebras from Africa.

The takins were identified as *Budorcas* t. taxicolor.

25 Inya Myaing Road, University P.O., Rangoon, Burma, July 8, 1976. The locality where the young male takin was captured is not known. The female takin was captured on the Burma-India border by a team from Sankaung Village, Putato district.

TUN YIN

# 6. LEPUS ARABICUS EHRENBERG FROM JAMMU AND KASHMIR: AN ADDITION TO THE MAMMALIAN FAUNA OF INDIA

During the faunistic survey of Jammu and Kashmir in 1974 a specimen of the Arabian Hare, *Lepus arabicus* Ehrenberg was collected from Udhampur, southeastern Jammu and Kashmir, which according to Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951) has not been hitherto recorded from India. Since a detailed report on the collection will take some time to prepare, it was thought desirable to record this addition to the mammalian fauna of India.

# Lepus arabicus Ehrenberg

1833. Lepus arabicus Ehrenberg, Symb. Phys. Mamm., 2: Sig. r. (Qunfidha, Arabia). Material:

1♂: Jhajjar Kotli, Udhampur, Jammu and Kashmir; 13 Nov. 1975; coll. S. Chakraborty. *Measurements*:

External: Head and body 352 mm; Tail 112 mm; Hindfoot 91 mm; Ear 123 mm.

Cranial: Occipitonasal 69 mm; Nasal 29.6

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CALCUTTA 700 016, .

July 31, 1976.

mm; Bullae 12 mm; Upper tooth row 11.3 mm; Frontal 15.7 mm; Mesopterygoid space 6.2 mm.

### Distribution:

According to Ellerman & Morrison-Scott (1951) Lepus arabicus is known to occur in Baluchistan, Middle East and Libya. Therefore, the present material not only constitutes its first record from India, but also extends its range further eastward.

## Remarks:

The specimen from Jammu and Kashmir agrees well with the description of Lepus craspedotis Blanford (currently known as Lepus arabicus craspedotis) given by Kloss (1918), but the black bands of hair at the posterior half of the back are much conspicuous and broader than those of the holotype of craspedotis and two more August specimens from Baluchistan present in the Zoological Survey of India, collection.

S. CHAKRABORTY

#### REFERENCES

ELLERMAN, J. R. & MORRISON-SCOTT, T. C. S. (1951): Checklist of Palaearctic and Indian Mammals Brit. Mus. (Nat. Hist.), London.

KLOSS, C. B. (1918): Notes on some hares in the Indian Museum with description of two new forms. Rec. Ind. Mus. 15:89-96.